42 AIR DIVISION



MISSION

LINEAGE

42 Bombardment Wing (Dive) established, 8 Feb 1943 Activated, 16 Feb 1943 Redesignated 42 Bombardment Wing (Medium), 31 Jul 1943 Redesignated 42 Bombardment Wing, Medium, 23 Oct 1944 Inactivated, 25 Oct 1945 Redesignated 42 Air Division, 2 Mar 1951 Organized, 10 Mar 1951 Discontinued, 16 Jun 1952 Activated, 16 Jun 1952 Inactivated, 8 Jan 1958 Activated, 15 Jul 1959 Redesignated 42 Strategic Aerospace Division, 1 Jun 1962 Redesignated 42 Air Division, 1 Jul 1963 Inactivated, 2 Jul 1969 Activated, 1 Jan 1970 Inactivated, 9 Jul 1991

STATIONS

Birmingham AAB, AL, 22 Feb-31 Jul 1943 Ariana, Tunisia, 21 Aug 1943 Elmas Field, Sardinia, 15 Nov 1943 Borgo, Corsica, 21 Sep 1944 Dijon, France, 24 Nov 1944
Camp Shanks, NY, 24-25 Oct 1945
Bergstrom AFB, TX, 10 Mar 1951-16 Jun 1952
Bergstrom AFB, TX, 16 Jun 1952-8 Jan 1958
McConnell AFB, KS, 15 Jul 1959
Blytheville AFB, AR, 1 Jul 1963-2 Jul 1969
Blytheville AFB, AR, 1 Jan 1970
McCoy AFB, FL, 30 Jun 1971
Blytheville AFB (later, Eaker AFB), AR, 1 Sep 1973
Grand Forks AFB, ND, 16 Jun 1988-9 Jul 1991

DEPLOYED STATIONS

Anniston AAFId, AL, 16-30 Jun 1943

ASSIGNMENTS

Third Air Force, 16 Feb 1943 Twelfth Air Force, 31 Jul 1943 Northwest African Strategic Air Force, 21 Aug 1943 XII Bomber Command, 1 Sep 1943 Fifteenth Air Force 1 Nov 1943 Twelfth Air Force, 1 Jan 1944 XII Tactical Air Command, 27 Nov 1944 First Tactical Air Force (Provisional), 6 Jan 1945 XII Tactical Air Command, 21 May 1945 United States Air Forces in Europe, 26 Jul 1945 Army Service Forces, 13 25 Oct 1945 Eighth Air Force, 10 Mar 1951-16 Jun 1952 Eighth Air Force, 16 Jun 1952 Second Air Force, 1 Apr 1955 Ninth Air Force, 1 Jul 1957 Eighteenth Air Force, 1 Oct 1957 Twelfth Air Force, 1-8 Jan 1958 Second Air Force, 15 Jul 1959-2 Jul 1969 Second Air Force, 1 Jan 1970 Eighth Air Force, 1 Jan 1975-9 Jul 1991

COMMANDERS

Unkn, 16 Feb-23 Aug 1943 Brig Gen Robert M. Webster, 24 Aug 1943 Brig Gen John P. Doyle, 1 Sep 1944-31 Oct 1945 Brig Gen Clarence T. Edwinson, 15 Mar 1951 Col Ivan W. Mcelroy, 4 Jul 1957-8 Jan 1958 Mg Kenneth O. Sanborn, 15 Jul 1959 Col Norton H. Van Sicklen, 2 Jul 1960 Brig Gen Murray A. Bywater, 1 Jul 1962

Brig Gen William B. Martensen, 1 Jul 1963

Col Sherman F. Martin, 1 Jul 1964

Col John W. Livingston, 14 Jul 1965

Brig Gen Harold W. Ohlke, 18 Jul 1965

Brig Gen Roger L. Hicks Jr., 18 Aug 1966

Col Ralph T. Holland, 1 Jul 1967

Col William H. Cooper, 18 Aug 1968 2 Jul 1969

Brig Gen James E. Hill, 1 Jan 1970

Brig Gen Woodrow A. Abbott, 30 Jun 1971

Brig Gen Edward O. Martin, 16 Aug 1971

Brig Gen John J. Murphy, 29 Jun 1973

Brig Gen James R. Mccarthy, 9 May 1975

Brig Gen Louis C. Buckman, 19 Jul 1978

Brig Gen Rudolph F. Wacker, 15 Aug 1979

Brig Gen Donald L. Marks, 19 Aug 1982

Brig Gen Larry D. Fortner, 23 May 1984

Brig Gen David J. Pederson, 1 Feb 1987

Brig Gen Patrick P. Caruana, 14 Sep 1989

Col Harvard L. Lomax (Additional Duty), 7 Aug 1990

Col James H. Reid (Additional Duty), 19 Nov 1990

Brig Gen Patrick P. Caruana, 18 Mar-9 Jul 1991

HONORS

Service Streamers

Campaign Streamers

World War II Rhineland

Armed Forces Expeditionary Streamers

Decorations

French Croix de Guerre with Palm Apr-Jun 1944

EMBLEM



Per chevron inverted azure and light blue between in chief a fleur de lis or enarched with four mullets of four points above two of same argent, all between two lightning bolts gules fimbriated of the fourth and in base saltirewise a palm and an olive branch of the last, in fess point a cloud formation of the like and over all in pale a winged mace displayed or, all within a diminished border of the last. (Approved, 29 Dec 1965)

MOTTO

OPERATIONS

The wing first saw combat in the invasion of Italy, where its units flew close support missions to stop the German counterattack on the beachhead at Salerno during Sep 1943. As the Allied forces progressed, the 42d took a leading part in interdicting Axis road and rail transport, and later in 1944, in the attacks against the monastery at Cassino. In Aug 1944, it supported the Allied landings in southern France. As the war drew to a close the 42d attacked German positions along the Siegfried Line and, in support of the Allied forces in their sweep across southern Germany, bombed enemy strong points, and communications and supply facilities. Becoming an Air Division in Mar 1951, the 42d equipped and trained its assigned units to conduct strategic air warfare using nuclear or conventional weapons anywhere in the world. It also trained and maintained air refueling assets. Tankers from units assigned to the 42d supported the Eielson Tanker Task Force and, over the years, occasionally deployed to Spain for Spanish Area Support. The division conducted numerous staff assistance visits and simulated no notice inspections, and participated in exercises such as Buy None and Global Shield. Aircraft and personnel from units assigned to the division, at various times in the late 1960s and early 1970s, deployed to Southeast Asia and took part in Arc Light and Young Tiger operations. Subordinate units of the 42d deployed aircraft and personnel in support of the war in Southwest Asia.

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE ORGANIZATIONAL HISTORIES

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Sources

Air Force Historical Research Agency, U.S. Air Force, Maxwell AFB, Alabama.